MINERS' DELEGATES WILL TAKE ADVICE OF THEIR LEADERS.

Members of the Convention Who Were Chosen Yesterday Believed to Favor Resumption of Work.

RUMOR THAT A FIGHT WILL BI MADE AGAINST THEM.

None Will Be Dismissed by Operators and Strikers Fear They Cannot All Get Places Back.

## MITCHELL TO THE PRESIDENT

HIS ACCEPTANCE OF THE ARBITRA-TION COMMISSION PLAN.

Operators Denounced for Their Attitude, Which Is Said to Have Prolonged the Strike.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 17.-In accordance with the call issued yesterday, by order of the executive boards of the anthracite districts of the Miners' Union, all "locals" throughout the coal field began electing delegates to-day to the convention, which will be held here next Monday to consider the acceptance or rejection of the arbitration plans submitted by President Roosevelt. Most of the local unions held their meetings to-night. They all will have been held by to-morrow night. It is practically certain that a majority of the delegates will come to the convention instructed to vote in favor of accepting the arbitrathe efforts of those who favor ending the to probably \$500,000,000. The company is au-

President Mitchell does not care to anticipate the action of the convention, but from | construct and operate steamship lines, etc. his manner it is taken that he has not the slightest doubt as to the result. He will go into the convention and make a strong dividends are to be paid on the preferred ALL speech for the acceptance of the arbitration | stock semiannually, but are not to be scheme. The indications are the conven- cumulative. The dividends, however, are tion will last two days and that there will to be at no time less than 1 per cent., or be much debate on various features of the arbitration plan. The conditions at some collieries are different from those existing Gould, Frederick K. Seward and Kenneth

at other places. The principal question to be discussed New Jersey corporation agency. before the plan is accepted by the miners will be that of taking care of all the men. The conditions of the mines are such that all workmen cannot be given work immediately and some will have to wait for weeks before the companies can take care of them. The operators will not dismiss the nonunion men in order to give employment to a returning striker. It is understood the union will take care of all such men who fail to find immediate employment. This will be done by drawing funds from the relief fund, which is said to be

still growing. It is estimated that 25 per cent. of the collieries will be in operation on the first day after the suspension is over. The railroads are making every effort to have enough cars on hand to carry the freshly mined coal to market and are sending thousands of cars into the regions, placing them on sidings at the collieries.

The stationary firemen affiliated with the Stationary Firemen's Association of Pennsylvania, who went on strike June 2, along with the firemen belonging to the Mine Workers' Union, met to-night and decided to abide by the decision of the United Mine Workers' convention. President Barrett and Secretary Mullahy were authorized to go before the arbitration committee and urge that the firemen be granted the eight-hour day.

# RUMORS AT SCRANTON.

# Discharge of Nonunionists.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 17.-Reports were Mine Workers in West Scranton, Pittston and some other localities had voted to instruct their delegates to oppose the acceptance of the operators' proposition unless the companies would agree to discharge the nonunion men, take back all the old employes, drop the suits instituted against strikers, and recognize the union. It was impossible to verify these reports, but they are persistently and generally circulated.

A significant fact in this connection was the concern of District President Nicholls to-day over a published report that he was at the head of a movement to oppose the acceptance of the proposition. "This report," said Mr. Nicholls this evening, "is doing no end of mischief. It has caused our men to view the proposition with suspicion and when they suspected it they commenced to look for flaws, which they supposed I had found in it. I have heard of locals in different places being disposed to vote against the proposition, and I must admit it is causing some worry at headquarters. I am satisfied, however, that the convention will accept the proposition I want it stated that the report that I am opposed to the proposition is absolutely false and without foundation. I have been in favor of it from the very first, and the vote of the district officers recommending its acceptance to the convention was unani

"Will the leaders of the United Mine Workers give the members any advice or nstructions regarding their conduct towards the nonunion men?" was asked of Mr. Nicholls.

do not think so," replied Mr. Nicholls "I do not see that we are called upon to ask our men to take those fellows to their earts and treat them as they would a dear friend. In 1900 I advised that the nonunionists be treated in a friendly manner. with a view of winning them over. I do not propose to do it again. As far as men cantinued to work their own jobs is concerned, I have nothing to say. As for those who went into the mines and took other workmen's places, I am of opinion they are not worth winning to our side. I don't

think we want them. A box of explosives, containing ten sticks of giant powder, two sacks of gunpowder. two sticks of dynamite and a partly burned tuse was found in a recently vacated house owned by a nonunion man at Grassy sland, near the Thirteenth Regiment's last night. A defect in the fuse prevented an explosion which would have demolished the building. The find was made by soldiers acting as an escort to the owner of the house, Hendrick Bargoka, when he went to board up the windows.

Four foreigners, Anthony Betti, Paul Martelli, Hugh and Domenick Tribuse, who are suspected of knowing something of how

the explosives came to be placed where they were found, are in the Thirteenth Regiment's guardhouse, awaiting a hear-

MITCHELL'S ACCEPTANCE.

President's Notification and Reply of the Miners' Leader.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 .- The response of John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, to President Roosevelt's notification that he had appointed a commission, was made public to-day. It informs him of the action of the executive boards of districts Nos. 1, 7 and 9, in calling a convention and agreeing to recommend unanimously the resumption of work and the submission of the differences between the NONUNIONISTS NOT WANTED operators and mine workers of the anthracite coal fields to the commission. The reply expresses confidence that the convention will agree to the arbitration of the eminent and impartial men chosen by the President, and expresses gratitude to the President for his patriotic efforts to bring about an honorable settlement of the strike. The reply goes at length into the grievances of the miners, and concludes with an expression of the hope and belief that from this arbitration will come "a complete, satisfactory and permanent settle-ment of the troubles which have vexed the anthracite fields from time immemor-Yesterday the President wired Mr. Mitch-

ell, at Wilkesbarre, as follows: "I have appointed as commissioners: Brig. Gen. John M. Wilson, E. W. Parker, Judge George Gray, E. E. Clark, Thomas H. Watkins and Bishop John L. Spalding, with Hon. Carroll D. Wright as recorder. These names are accepted by the operators, and I now most earnestly ask and urge that the miners likewise accept this commission. It is a matter of vital concern to all our people, and especially to those in (CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COL. 4.)

INCORPORATION OF THE UNITED STATES PACKING COMPANY.

Capitalized at \$1,000,000, Which May Be Increased to Half a Billion-Other Combinations.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 17.-The United States Packing Company, which is understood to be the beef "combine," was intion scheme. The prominent officials of corporated here to-day with an authorized the union say there is no fear that the capital of \$1,000,000. It is understood that opposition will be strong enough to defeat | this amount will be subsequently increased strike by arbitrating their differences with | thorized to purchase and deal in cattle and other live stock and to carry on the business of butchers, packers, store keepers,

> The capital stock is divided into onehalf preferred and one-half common. The more than 6 per cent. per annum. The incorporators of the company are Horace S. X. McLaren, all of whom are clerks in a

# ANOTHER COMBINATION.

## It Will Control the Storage Battery Business Here and Abroad.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-It has just been learned, says the Herald, that another international combination has been formed in the storage battery business, which practically controls the patents and manufacture of storage batteries in this country, England and on the continent. The deal storage batteries, as well as the ownership of certain patents which hold good not only in the British isles but in the leading countries of Europe. It is said to be the intention of the new interests to begin a process of development work abroad which will go hand in hand with the manufacture of electrical machinery. In England, in particugreat field for development work in the storage battery. The machinery end of the enterprise will be looked after by a Massachusetts electrical manufacturing company.

# Candy Company Organized.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 17 .- The National Candy Company, composed of candy firms all over election of officers. St. Louis will be the headquarters of the combine. O. H. Peckham, of this city, was elected president, A Some Strikers Said to Be Demanding J. Walter secretary and F. D. Seward treasurer. Four vice presidents were elected, as follows: Peter Echert, Cincinnati John F. Gray, Detroit; Frank Sibly, Bufcirculated to-night that locals of the United | falo; V. L. Price, Chicago. The executive committee elected consists of V. L. Price. chairman; F. A. Menne, Louisville; J. E. Farley, Chicago; Alfred Paris, Minneapolis; F. D. Seward, St. Louis; A. J. Walter St. Louis. The president also is, ex officio, a

## member. The combination is now in effect. OHIO MUNICIPAL CODE.

## Another Change Made at the Suggestion of Senator Hanna.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 17 .- The engrossing of the municipal code bill was practically completed to-night and the measure will be submitted to the Legislature for final action next Tuesday. As a result of Senator M. A. Hanna's visit to the city to-day another important change was made in the code by the conference committee. The new amendment provides the board of public safety shall consist of not less than three nor more than five members, to be elected for terms of two years each. By the adoption of this amendment the last vestige of the plan for single heads of departments disappears from the code and the organization of the cities of the State is placed wholly upon board lines. Senator Hanna told the committee he was opposed to placing the department of pubc safety in the hands of one man; also

that he favored giving council the power to regulate the number and compensation of employes of the department. The senin municipal affairs. I am proportionally opposed to the provision for a single head for the department of public safety, especially when this department is to be given the power of fixing the number of its officers and employes and their compensation. If that power is given to this department

# FREE SURGICAL OPERATIONS.

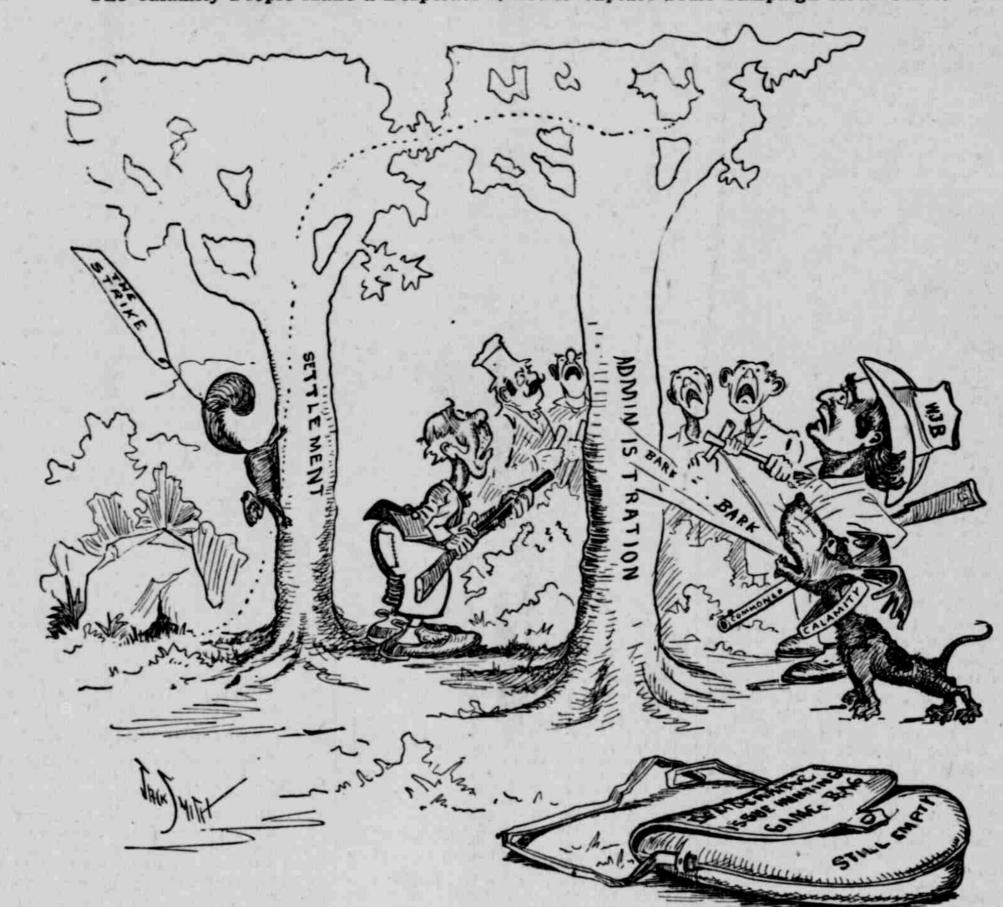
there should be more than one man in

# Twenty More Performed by Dr. Lo-

renz, the Vienna Specialist. CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- Dr. Adolph Lorenz will leave Chicago for Salt Lake City and San Francisco next week. His achievements in this city have brought him a great number of requests from all parts of the United States, and he has accepted a case in Salt Lake City. Dr. Lorenz performed twenty operations to-day, all of them being pronounced successful. All were performed free of charge as far as | yer into the private office of Mr. Adams. Le-the physician was concerned, the parents | ventilt, it is said, told Turner to remain

# BARKING UP THE WRONG TREE.

The Calamity People Make a Desperate Effort to Capture Some Campaign Issue Game.



SENSATIONAL DOUBLE MURDER AND SUICIDE AT NEW YORK.

W. J. Mallard and Robert Hamilton Killed by W. C. Turner, Who then Shot Himself.

WERE MANUFACTURERS

SUICIDE WAS EX-PRESIDENT OF CLIMAX BOTTLING COMPANY.

And Settled an Alleged Shortage by Drawing His Revolver and Firing Three Deadly Shots.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Using a new automatic magazine pistol, William C. Turner, former president and treasurer of the Climax Bottling Company, to-day shot and killed William J. Mallard, secretary and treasurer of the company, and Robert was accomplished, it is said, by New York | Hamilton, its president, and then killed financiers who visited London recently to himself with the same weapon. A second settle the tobacco war. It was accom- revolver, loaded in every chamber, was plished by the purchase of the English | found in Turner's pocket, and it is believed company controlling the manufacture of he planned to take more lives than he did. The shooting was caused by a quarrel between the three men over an alleged shortage in Turner's accounts, for which he was threatened with criminal prosecution. The tragedy occurred in the offices of the law firm of Cantor, Adams & McIntyre, lar, and in Germany, there is believed to be | in the heart of the Wall street district, during the busy noon hour. Turner, who was forty-five years old and lived at Mount Vernon, N. Y., a suburb of this city, was a cousin of Governor Odell, of this State, and the head of the law firm in whose offices the shooting occurred is President Cantor. of the Borough of Manhattan. Soon after the shots rang out in the office building a wild rumor was started that the borough president had been killed.

All of the principals in the tragedy were married. Mallard was thirty-six years old. a native of Atlanta, Ga., where he was well known in business and social circles. He was president of the Young Men's Democratic Club there. He had been in the city about four years and lived with his wife and two children in an uptown flat Mr. Hamilton lived in Pittsburg, where he was president of the J. T. & A. Hamilton glass factories. He was about sixty years old. He arrived in this city yesterday in response to a telegram from Turner at Pittsburg, which said: "Meet me in New York Friday and I will settle with you."

CAUSED A PANIC. The three men met in the law offices by appointment to allow Turner to make a partial settlement and he was asked for a certifled check. "I have it," he said, and then he closed the door of the room. An instant later he drew a revolver and began firing. Mallard fell, shot through the heart, and Hamilton lived only a few moments. number of other persons who were in the room, clerks and members of the firm, fled in a panic. After killing Hamilton and Mallard, Turner shot himself in the head. Some moments later, hearing no more shots, the persons who fled returned back into the room and found the three bodies. Turner retired as president of the Climax Bottling Company last April, when he was bought out by Hamilton. After the sale it was discovered, in examining the books of the concern, that there was a shortage of \$5,100 in Turner's accounts. The ator said: "I am opposed to one-man power | Climax company engaged John F. McIntyre, former assistant district attorney, and M. Goodman, both of the firm in whose offices the shooting occurred to-day, to effect a settlement with Turner, and he engaged Edgard Leventritt to represent his interest. Some difficulty had been met with in the negotiations which followed between the lawyers, but it was finally agreed to accept \$2,700 and give Turner a release in Last night it was agreed that the settlement should take place in the offices of Cantor, Adams & McIntyre to-day at 11

Before he left the conference last night Turner anxiously asked that Mr. McIntyre be present at to-day's meeting and McIntyre has said since the shooting that he did not like Turner's manner yesterday, as the latter seemed, in his opinion, to bear himself recklessly and with the demeaner of a man who might do almost any desperate act. At the appointed hour to-day Turner, with his lawyer, entered the law offices.

Mr. Goodman ushered Turner and his law-

tyre and showed anger when told he would not be at the conference. BULLETS INSTEAD OF CHECK.

Negotiations for a settlement began at once, Messrs. Hamilton, Mallard and Goodman and Adams being present besides Turner and his attorney. The conference at first was in the firm's general offices but later Mallard asked to see Mr. Adams and Mr. Hamilton in Adams's private office, Turner having refused certain propositions. While the conference in the private office was going on Turner walked in. His lawyer asked him for his check to be used in the settlement and Turner said:

"Yes, I'll let you have it. Then Turner closed the door of the office. He was facing Mr. Mallard, who had asked him for the check. An instant after he had shut the door he drew a revolver and pointing it at Mallard said: "I will kill you, you d-

Then he fired two shots at Mallard. In stantly there was a wild scramble on the part of the others in the room. All except Hamilton dashed for the door, but Hamilton, when Turner fired, sprang at him to grapple. Turner was too quick for him, however, and dropping his weapon to a level with his victim's breast, fired. There is no witness to what followed. Mr. Leventritt, at the first appearance of the revolver, rushed out of the room, leaving his hat behind him. Goodman followed Leventritt and Adams jumped to his feet as soon as Mallard was shot, brushed past Turner and got out of the office. As they left the room more shots were heard, fol lowed by two heavy falls. There was consternation in the office. Clerks, boys and several women employes were for a few minutes too frightened to do anything. When persons connected with the law offices ventured back into the room they found the three bodies lying close together On Turner's body was found an unsigned telegram reading: "Telephone message received. Will accept \$2,700 either from Ham-ilton or Mallard." On Turner's corpse the coroner also found a certified check for \$2,700. The latter is regarded as throwing a peculiar light on the case, for it is thought to indicate that Turner went to the offices with the probable intention of paying the sum of money which was to have settled the difficulty. If he did intend to pay, it is argued, he changed his

mind suddenly and decided to kill. Edgar M. Leaventritt, who was Turner's counsel in the affairs preceding the tragedy, and who was present in the room a the time the shooting began, made a statement to-night in which he defended Turner against the charge that he was a defaulter. "Mr. Turner." he said, "was not a defaulter. He did not criminally misappropriate the funds of the Climax Bottling Company." According to Mr. Leaventritt Turn er had originally put up \$5,000 in cash. His overdrafts amounted to \$2,800, leaving \$2,200 practically which remained as the value of his holdings. Hamilton offered \$2,000 for Turner's share, which cthe latter accepted and the deal was closed. Turner believed that this transaction relieved him of connection with the firm and closed all ac-

Asked why Turner had been prevailed upon to agree to giving up a check for \$2,700 to settle with Hamilton and Mallard Mr. Leaventritt said: "Turner was influ enced by the fact, as I am informed, that he was expecting a political appointment which would be made impossible if the least hint of irregularity, however unfounded, should be made against him." The body of Turner was to-night taken to his late home at Mount Vernon.

Hamilton Was Well Known. PITTSBURG, Oct. 17 .- Alexander Hamilton was one of the oldest bottle manufacturers in this city, being connected with the firm of J. T. & A. H. Hamilton, also connected with the Climax Bottling Company, a jobbing concern in New York, and Turner was the manager. It was learned recently that Turner was short in his accounts. No proceedings had been entered, and on Tuesday Mr. Hamilton received a telegram from Turner, which read: "Come down to New York and will settle every-

attend a meeting of flint bottle manufacturers, after which he proceeded to New Mallard Lived in Atlanta ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 17 .- W. J. Mallard was one of the best known young men in Atlanta. He was prominent in real-estate. political and social circles, the son of well-known lawyer and a man of many friends. He was president of the Young Men's Democratic League at the time when

thing." Mr. Hamilton left the city or

Wednesday and stopped in Philadelphia to

# HAITIEN WAR NEAR END.

William J. Bryan visited Atlanta.

American and German Marines Landed to Preserve Order.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 .- The following telegram was received at the Navy Department from the commander of the United States cruiser Cincinnati, at Nichol-"St. Marc surrendered on Oct. 14. Nation-

al forces occupied town peaceably. Cincinnati arrived at Gonaives Wednesday noon (Oct. 15.) Oct. 15 Firmin evacuated Gonaives and has left by Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company's steamer for Mathewton, Bahama islands, with about 250 adherents, leaving no government at the place. Have landed force for the protection of American consulate and to preserve order. The German gunboat landed force also. National forces are near at hand and it is expected they will occupy the town on Saturday or next day. All quiet there. it is considered practically the end of the revolution. I am returning to Gonaives immediately. I shall embark landing party and will proceed to Cape Haitien when af-fairs are settled at Gonaives. No attempt has been made to blockade ports mentioned outside. Turner refused, saying he wanted in my last telegram (St. Marc and Goto close the matter at once. Turner immenates.) French cruiser D'Assas arrived diatals after entering asked for Mr. McIn- at Gonaives Thursday (Oct. 16) at 8 p. m."

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY DIS-CUSSES TRUSTS AND THE TARIFF.

Shows Fallacy of a Policy of Destruction and Expounds the Republican Doctrine of Supervision.

IN MR. HEMENWAY'S DISTRICT

MR. CANNON, C. B. LANDIS AND GOV-ERNOR DURBIN SPEAK.

Great Outpouring of Republicans-Lincoln League Organized at State University-Other Politics.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WARSAW, Ind., Oct. 17 .- The largest crowd which has assembled here during the present campaign greeted Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw to-night. The crowd was enthusiastic and applause was frequent Secretary Shaw touched on all the issues of the campaign, beginning with a discussion of the tariff question and ending with an eloquent protest against the attacks made on the American soldier in the Philippines by the Democratic leaders in the United States. He declared that the Democratic party is expending its energies in seeking an issue on which to win the campaign rather than in formulating wise policies to be carried out after the

He declared that it was impossible to abolish the trusts, but asserted that the only efforts which had been made to control them had been made by the Republican party. "The first law enacted to govern the trusts," he said, "was passed by a Republican Congress and was signed by that heroic man and brilliant statesman, Benjamin Harrison. The bravest and most determined effort to enforce this law is being made by our present executive, Theodore Roosevel

Secretary Shaw declared that the trusts are not exercising a monopoly, and gave as an example the steel trust, which, he said, manufactured less than one-half of the whole output of steel rails and similar

Mr. Shaw spoke at length on the subject of imperialism. He cited the fact that at the close of the Spanish-American war the Democrats, in their various State conventions, declared in favor of retaining our foreign possessions, and recalled the fact that William Jennings Bryan worked by the side of William McKinley to secure the ratification of the treaty by which the Philippines were ceded to the United States. "I do not know what should ultimately be done with the Philippines," he said, "but for the present it is our duty to protect them, and later we can decide whether we will adopt them into the American family or start them out for

He deprecated the abuse which is being heaped on the brave soldiers in the Philipoines just for the sake of winning a campaign. Secretary Shaw will leave to-mor-row morning for Detroit, where he is to speak to-morrow night.

# DEMOCRATIC DESPERATION.

Representative Robinson's Efforts to Humiliate Mr. Gilhams. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 17 .- The congressional situation in this district indicates that the Robinson forces are badly frightened, owing to the intensity of the Socialist agitation. The Democrats, therefore, are trying to break down Gilhams, the Republican candidate, in order to hold their partisans in line. Robinson induced the state committee to send a ferret to Lagrange county, where Gilhams is auditor, and investigate his books. It was learned that he had not paid over the fees for filing mortgage exemption papers, and a great stir was made about that until Gilhams produced a sworn statement from his Board of Commissioners saying that they had instructed him to hold the fees in escrow until the courts decide to whom they belong. Attorney General Taylor gave the same advice and that campaign canard

This work for the Democrats was done by E. B. Swift, of Indianapolis. Swift has spent three weeks in Lagrange living at a good hotel, and thus far seems to be enoying life without work at the expense of depresentative Robinson, to whom the state committee undoubtedly charges up the salary and board account, since no one else could possibly be interested. The desperation of the Robinson crowd became evident a few days ago when they

planned to arrest Gilhams in a public way as he was leaving the town to keep an appointment. It happened that Gilhams, without knowing what was coming, decided to drive across the country the night before and the plan failed. The purpose was to humiliate him and destroy his growing chances of election. Swift admitted to

是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就 第一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就

Lagrange courthouse attaches that he did not expect to find a "graft" at work in a county that has never had a bonded debt.

GREAT EVANSVILLE MEETING.

Brilliant Galaxy of Speakers in the Interest of Mr. Hemenway.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 17 .- The Republicans had their greatest rally here this evening, and there was a great outpouring of the people to listen to the logic and oratory of Representatives Cannon, Landis and Hemenway and Governor Durbin. Eyans's Hall, the largest place of public assemblage in the city, was crowded with an audience that remained until the last speaker had been heard, and it was not far from the midnight hour.

Mr. Cannon devoted the major part of his address to an exposition of the wonderful volume of domestic and foreign trade which has arisen in the last half decade, and showing the causes therefor. "The trusts," he said, "could not be regulated by Democratic free trade, except at the peril of every industry, of whatsoever character,

in the whole country."
Mr. Landis, the second speaker, discussed the trusts and the Philippines, and said that our duty in the Philippines was only beginning, but that we would execute it triumphantly. He paid a beautiful tribute to William McKinley.

Governor Durbin showed how economical the management of State affairs had been under Republican administration in the last The three speakers, all of whom are intimate associates of Representative Hemenway either in legislative or other public

men of the national House, and that he would inevitably be chosen chairman of the committee on appropriations when Mr. Cannon is elected speaker. Repeated allusions to the First district representative brought the multitude to its feet in vociferous applause. Many allusions

relations, said he was one of the strongest

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL. 6.)

IDA CRADDOCK, OF THE "CHURCH OF THE YOGA," DEAD.

Woman Who Attained Notoriety by Circulating Questionable Literature-Killed Herself with Gas.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-In fear of another term in prison or spending the balance of her days in an insane asylum, Miss Ida Craddock, high priestess and pastor of the "Church of the Yoga" in Chicago, and missionary here of her peculiar belief, committed suicide to-day by inhaling gas. Her body was found by her mother, Mrs. Decker, by whom the suicide was to have been accompanied to the United States Court to be sentenced under a conviction for sending obscene matter through the mails. Fear of this sentence and also that her mother was planning to have her committed to an asylum led to the suicide. She left a most affectionate letter to her mother, in which she said: "I will not consent to go to the asylum, as you are evidently planning to

Miss Craddock served three months on Blackwell's island for circulating an objectionable book, and upon her release was prosecuted by the federal authorities for sending the book through the mails. Before coming here she was convicted in Chicago and prosecuted in Philadelphia and Washington for circulating her books, which were alleged by the authorities to

Miss Craddock came originally from Denver and first drew public attention by her defense of the dance du ventre at the world's fair, which she maintained was a

## solemn religious performance. She was a woman of culture, COLLISION IN OHIO.

Two Railway Engineers Hurt and

Passengers Badly Shaken Up. IRONTON, O., Oct. 17 .- The west-bound express on the Norfolk & Western Railway collided with an east-bound freight near Portsmouth to-day in a heavy fog. Both engines were demolished. Engineer "Bally" Haynes, of the passenger train, suffered a broken jaw and other injuries about the head. Engineer Brown, of the freight, had his ankle broken. Eighteen passengers were badly shaken up, many being cut and bruised. The wreck was caused by the freight engine projecting over the siding onto the main line.

Passenger Car Turns Over. LAWRENCEBURG, Ky., Oct. 17.-This afternoon as the regular evening train on | high. the Southern Railway was coming from Bergen the rear car in some way left the track at Jackson, a flag station, and turned completely over, injuring every person on the car except two. The most seriously injured were brought to this city, and local physicians rendered all the assistance possible. Those who received medical attention were: Rev. D. L. Bond, Knoxville, Tenn.; Rev. Frank Thompson, Harrodsburg; Mr. and Mrs. Price Cahill, Duncan. Ky.; John Wash, Lawrenceburg; Ben Sims, Duncan, Ky.; Wash Baskett, flagman, Bergen: J. H. Barnett, Versailles, and J. A. Brown, Harrodsburg. Those most seri-

# Ten Persons Injured.

and Wash Baskett.

ously injured are Mrs. Cahill, John Wash

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 17 .- In a head-on collision between the Creaton branch passenger train and a south-bound freight train on the Burlington road, four miles north of this city to-day, ten persons were inujred, three of them seriously. The seriously injured are: S. M. Hines, Murray Ia., breast crushed; daughter of Hines, neck wrenched and sprained; Walter Dodeck, Forbes, Mo., leg hurt and knee wrenched. Slightly injured: H. W. Williams, S. F. Hildreth, Samuel Dobbs, L. C. Woodson, Samuel Copps, L. C. Tilson, Mrs. Sarah Muir. Failure of the operator at the Francis-street depot to deliver orders to the passenger crew was the cause of the

# ZIEGLER DISPLEASED.

Has Severed Relations with E.

Baldwin, Arctic Explorer. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- As a result of the investigation made and conferences held by William Ziegler, who supplied the funds for the Baldwin-Ziegler polar expedition. with various members of the expedition since their return, Mr. Ziegler announced to-day that the business relations between Evelyn B. Baldwin and himself had been severed. Mr. Ziegler declined to give any details, but announced that he intended to continue his efforts to reach the north pole and would send another expedition to make

# DOESN'T WANT THE HOUSE

the attempt.

## Senator Morgan Says Control Would city has ever considered." Not Benefit Democracy.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.-In an interview here to-day Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, said: "I do not see that the Democrats have anything to gain by controlling the next House of Representatives. I do believe the Democrats of this country want to constitute themselves a clog to legslation, yet that result would naturally ollow. With the two branches of opposite seriously embarrassed. There is nothing to it may be made profitable. I think so well gain by a condition of this kind. It would of it that I would be willing to subscribe not be any advantage to any one."

THE ATTENDANCE LARGE BOTH AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.

Lowering Clouds During the Day Failed to Keep Thousands from Attending the Performance.

BRONCHO BUSTING CHAMPION

CURTIS JACKSON WINS OVER HIS RIVAL, HARRY BRENNAN.

South African Pony Kruger Breaks World's Record for High Jump in His Class.

# EVENING PROGRAMME

OF MOST INTERESTING EVENTS OF HORSE SHOW WEEK.

Exhibitors, Judges and Others Express Admiration for Indianapolis's First Horse Show.

# To-Day's Programme.

1 p. m.-Festival Field opens. m .- Temple of Music and diving horses. p. m.-Zouave drills. p. m.-Canary's midair cycle dazzle, p. m.-Horse show programme.

2 p. m.-Class 57: Local ponies, single or pairs, 2:20 p. m.-Class 51: Local municipal class. 2:40 p. m.-Class 59: Ponies, other than Shetland, under saddle, over forty-six inches and under 14.3 hands. 3 p. m.-Class 60; Best boy rider (post en-3:20 p. m.-Class 61: Best girl rider (post en-3:40 p. m.-Class 57: Saddle Shetland pony, no over forty-six inches.

3:55 p. m.-Class 63: Local coachman, driving

4:15 p. m.-Class 20: Potato race (post entries.) -Evening .-7 p. m .- Opening of Festival Field p. m .- Temple of Music and diving horses, p. m.-English Zouave drills.

10:30 p. m.—Canary's midair cycle dazzle. 8 p. m.—Horse show programme. 8 p. m.-Class 64: Pacers (single.) 8:20 p. m.-Class 65: Local harness horses, 8:35 p. m.-Class 66: Local best lady rider (post entries.) m .- Class 62: Local family turnout, pairs. 9:20 p. m.-Class 68: Local single har

9:45 p. m .- Class 69: Heavy delivery, four or more horses. 10 p. m .- Class 70: Local potato race (post en-Jack Joyce will ride a wild steer and give a

A threatening sky and a heavy, misty atmosphere greeted the fifth day of the fall festival and horse show yesterday. The sun made many noble efforts to pierce its way through the clouds so that a fair day might induce the largest crowd of the week to witness the attractions at the festival grounds and in the arena, but it remained hazy during the greater part of the afternoon. With the exception of Wednesday the largest afternoon crowd of the week witnessed the finals in the broncho busting contests in the arena and the crowd in the festival grounds was much larger than anticipated. The interest and enthusiasm displayed demonstrated that with fair weather there would not have

been room enough in the horse show arena to have accommodated the people who desired to attend. The weather last night was a little more encouraging to the men who furnished the financial backing for the enterprise and a large crowd gathered at the horse show and also on Festival Field. There was much interest displayed last evening by local society because of the number of events for Indianapolis and Marion county entries. These events and the afternoon card furnished one of the best days of the week. In the afternoon Curtis Jackson won the world's broncho busting championship, and Kruger, the South African pony, established a new world's record for high

jumping for ponies under fourteen hands The festival and horse show will come to a close to-night at midnight. Some of the best classes for the week have been reserved for the last day and all of the attractions in Festival Field, including the free exhibitions, will be given this afternoon and to-night the same as during other nights of the week. In the horse show arena this afternoon there will be classes for ponies in harness, municipal class, ponies over forty-six inches shown under saddle and boy riders' class. Tonight the classes will include local harness horses, ladies' riding class, family turnouts, local single harness horses, heavy

# WILL CLOSE AT MIDNIGHT.

delivery class and a local potato race.

Two More Full Programmes Will Be Given To-Day-Talk of Coliseum.

The final programme of the Horse Show and Festival Field will be this afternoon and evening and at midnight the most creditable entertainment of the kind ever held here will be ended. There is not much probability now that the association will escape a heavy deficit. Until to-morrow night this deficit may not be estimated, but that it will be large is now certain. The unfortunate weather alone prevented the financial success of the show and those who made up the guarantee list are not complaining, as they realize that but for the bad weather the enterprise would have been more than self-sustaining. The biggest result of the week is the mpetus given the collseum scheme. H. P. Wasson, Hugh J. McGowan, President Bliss and many others are enthusiastic about this development. Mr. Wasson said last night that there must be immediate steps to bring the collseum scheme to a substantial basis. "It will take fully \$400,-000 to build the proper kind of an auditorium, and I believe the lesson of the horse show this week is big enough to make the subscriptions of stock easy to secure. A stock company with \$200,000 could be formed and the rest raised by bonds on the property. I am heartily in sympathy with the project, and believe it will be one of the biggest public-spirited enterprises the

Mr. McGowan has long been an enthusiast for the big auditorium, and his enthuslasm is such that he will take a large share of the stock. He is thoroughly conversant with the available property, and believes that a suitable site may be purchased for an amount not in excess \$100,000. "With such a building," said h there will be no hesitancy on the part of the city in asking the greatest conventions in the country to come here. The uses of such a building are so many that